

### **FGV-IRENA WEBINAR**

Energy Transition: The role of hydrogen, global and Brazil



December 2020



### We are Vale

A global mining company; one of the leaders in iron ore, pellets and nickel.

We also produce manganese, ferroalloys, copper, metals of the platinum group, by-products of gold, silver, cobalt, metallurgical and thermal coals.

We operate logistic systems integrated with mining activities, including railroads, maritime terminals and ports.

We have stakes in energy and steel assets





# Our New Pact remains steady as we are vigilant and responsive to the needs of Society



### **2030 Commitments**



#### Climate change

Reduce GHG emissions by 33% and be carbon neutral by 2050



#### **Energy**

100% global electricity consumption of clean energy



#### **Forest**

Recover and protect +500,000 ha



# Socioeconomic contribution

Health care, education and income generation



#### Water

Reduce new water collection by 10%



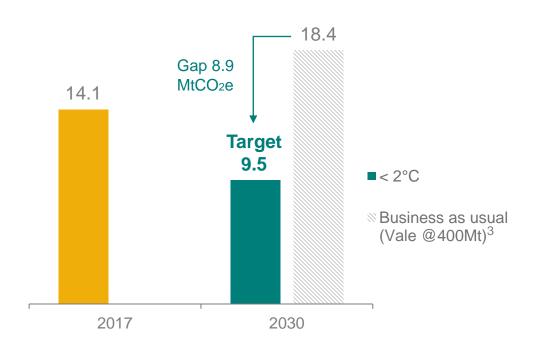
### ESG gaps

Eliminate main ESG gaps

## Our commitment for 2030: reduce 33%1 of scope 1 and 2 emission

Become a net zero emission company by 2050

### Absolute emissions (MtCO<sub>2</sub>e)<sup>2</sup>



**Alignment with the Paris Agreement** 

Roadmap for 2030 based on NPV+ projects

**US\$ 2 bn investments in renewable energy** 

Renewable power and forest as competitive advantages

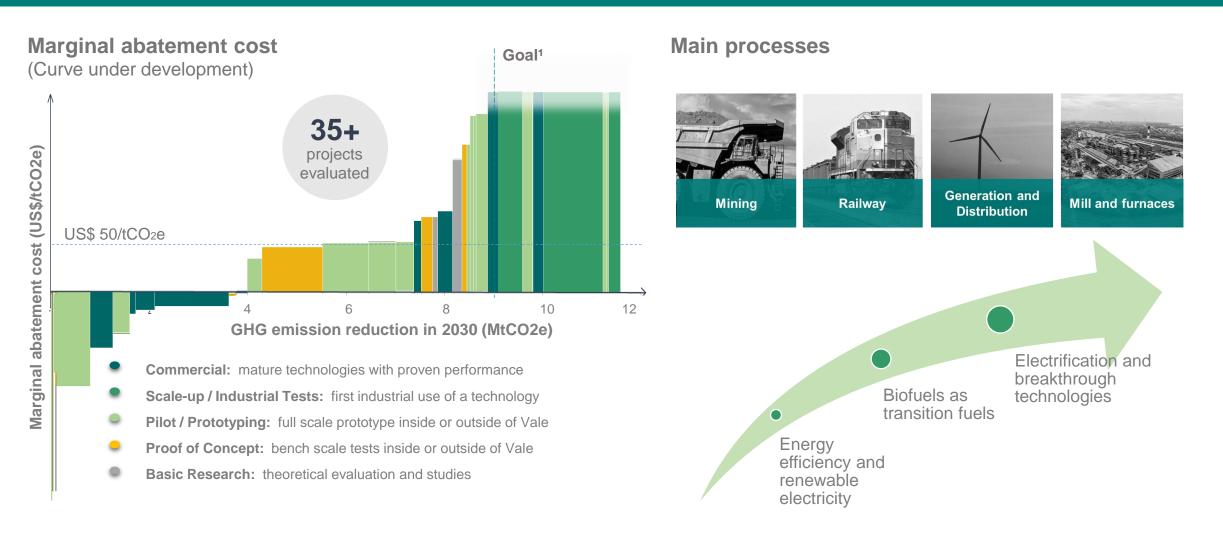


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Baseline 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Scopes 1 and 2 trajectory, aligned with the UN Environment "Emissions Gap" range for limiting global temperature rise to 1,5°-2°C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Considering the highest CO<sub>2</sub> emissions level according to Vale's current production master plan (assuming no actions for reduction of emissions) and the 2030 goal.

# The pathway to achieve our commitment by 2030



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The reduction goal is based on the highest CO2 emissions level according to Vale's current production master plan (assuming no actions for reduction of emissions) and the 2030 goal, as detailed in the previous slide. Note: Some projects are in early stage of maturity with technologies under development. The assumptions and scenarios could be redefined, and therefore, change the estimates given in the graph.



# Vale's electricity portfolio is already most renewable

#### **VALE'S CURRENT GENERATION PORTFÓLIO**



#### **BRAZIL ASSETS**

- **1,8 GW** installed capacity
- 100% RENEWABLE GENERATION
- 21 Hydropower plants (direct and indirect owned)
- 1 wind power plant (indirect owned)
- 1 wind power plant PPA and equity call option

### CANADA ASSETS

- 70 MW installed capacity
- 80% RENEWABLE GENERATION
- 5 Hydropower plants

#### INDONESIA ASSETS

- 500 MW installed capacity
- 100% RENEWABLE GENERATION
- 3 Hydropower plants



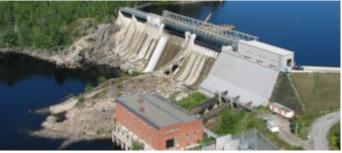


Belo Monte Hydro: 11 GW

Estreito Hydro: 1 GW



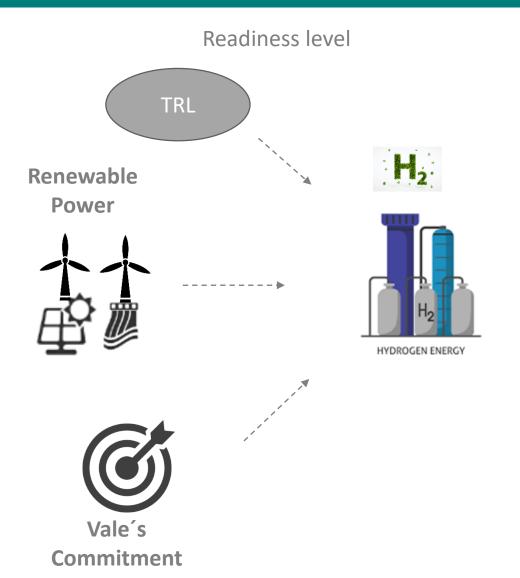
Karebee Hydro: 130 MW

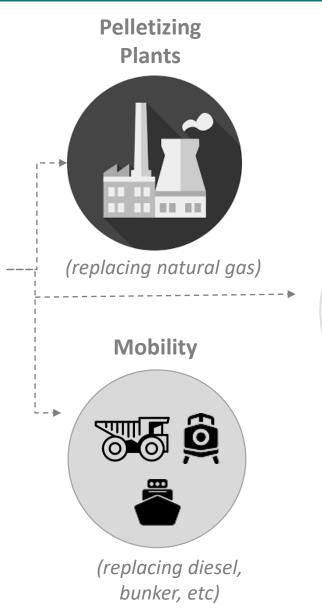


Big Eddy Hydro: 30 MW <sup>6</sup>

# Hydrogen to replace fossil fuels in the processes

Hydrogen has the potential to be the solution in the low carbon global agenda. Competitiveness is stil an issue





Mineral processing Plants



(replacing natural gas, direct reduction)

